



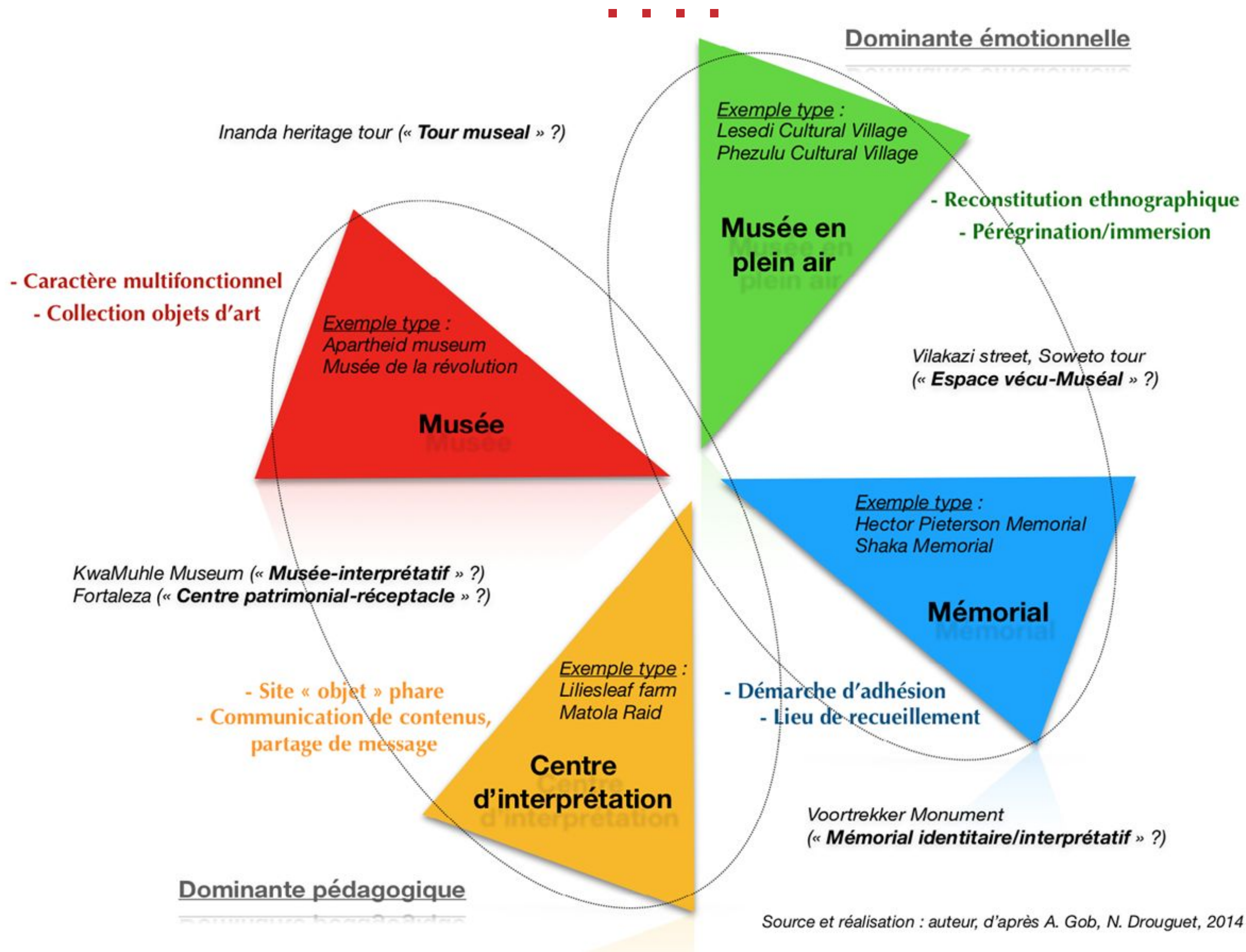
De la Culture

PATRIMONIALISATION MÉMORIELLE #2

**Les musées de société dans la zone
sud-ouest de l'océan Indien**

Avec Fabrice FOLIO, Maître de Conférences HDR
OIES, Département de Géographie - Université de La Réunion

Musées de société et hybridité





Apartheid Museum

Johannesburg
(Afrique du Sud)

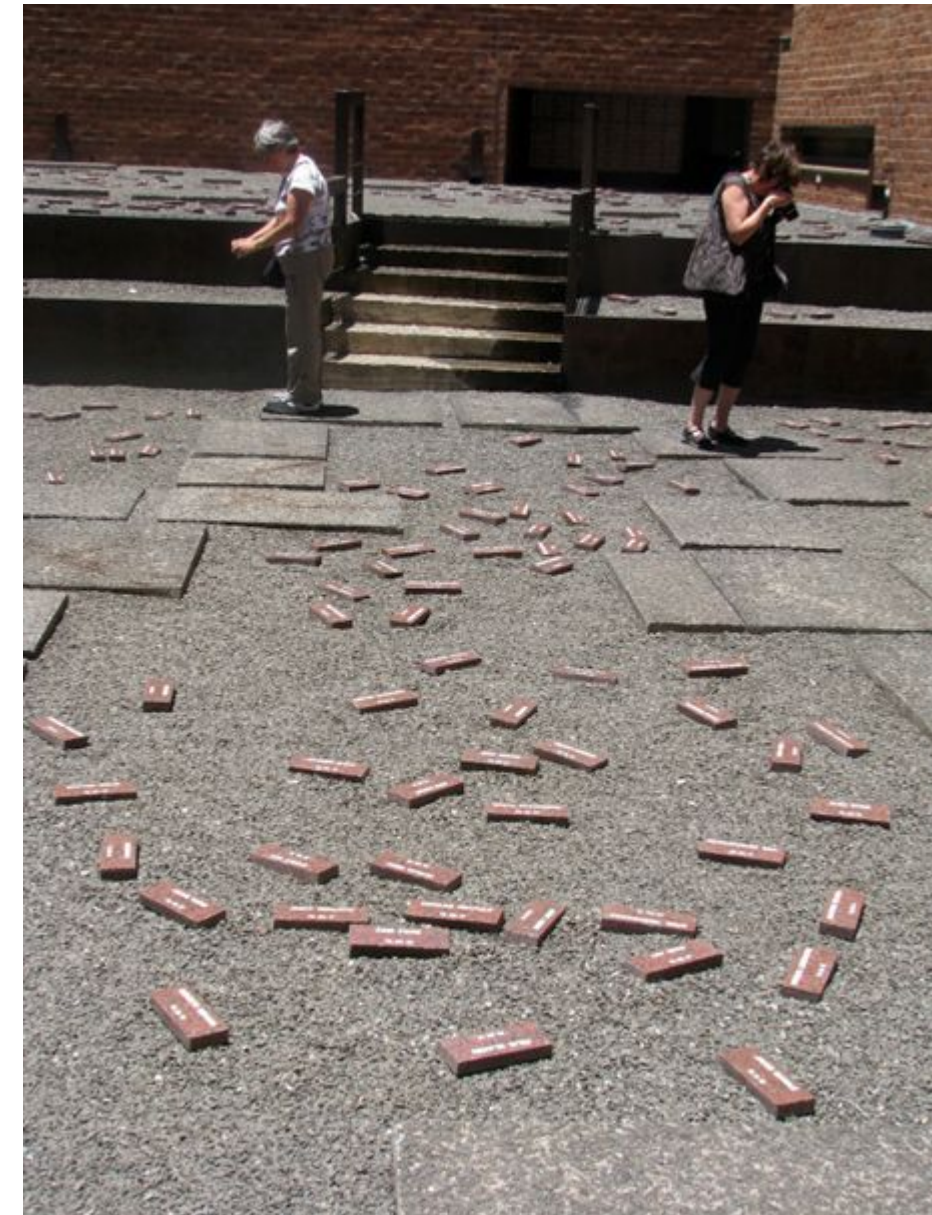




Lilisleaf Farm
Johannesburg
(Afrique du Sud)

Matola Raid ▶
Matola (Mozambique)

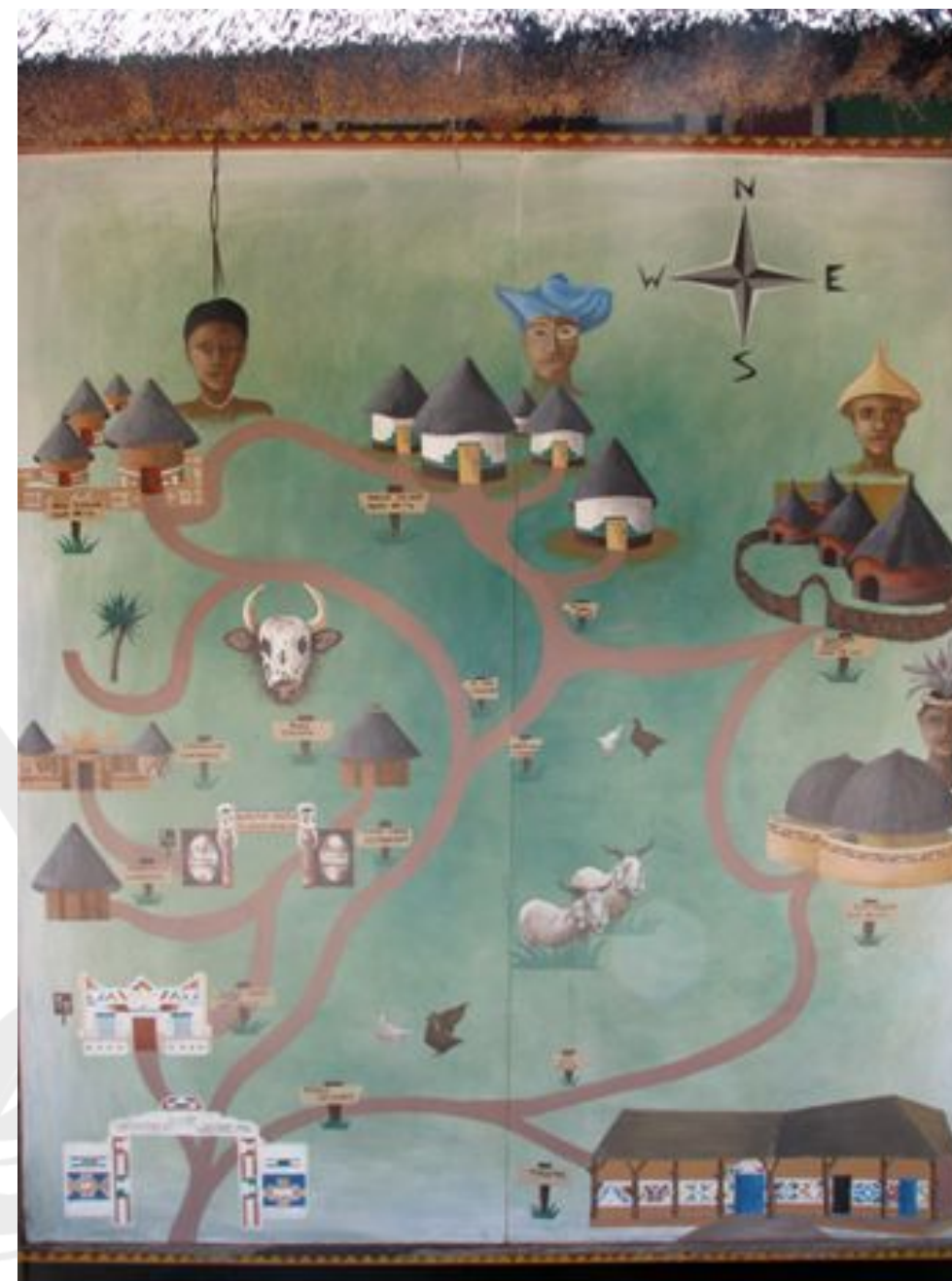




**Hector Pieteron
Memorial**

**Soweto Johannesburg,
Afrique du Sud**



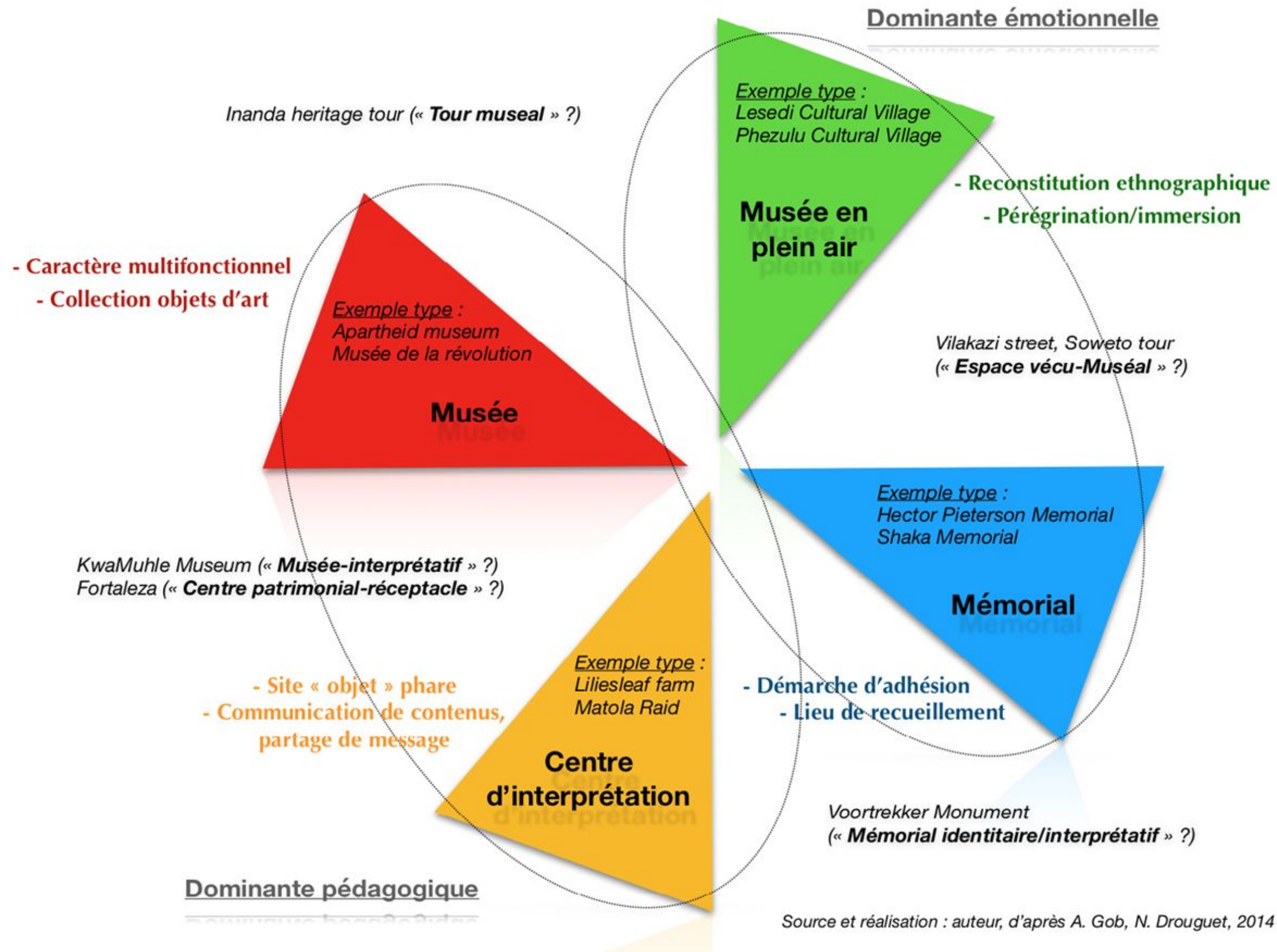


**Shakaland /PheZulu
Cultural village,**

**KwaZulu-Natal,
Afrique du Sud**



Musées de société et hybridité





Le jour où Soweto s'est embrasé marque le début d'une série d'émeutes en Afrique du Sud et un tournant dans la lutte contre l'apartheid, © Crédit photo : Capture écran / France 2



Si les émeutes sont finalement matées, le régime de la minorité blanche a montré son vrai visage et le monde commence à adopter des sanctions sérieuses à son encontre.

Orlando, Soweto,

1976 (Afrique du Sud)



Vilakazi street, Orlando,
Soweto (Afrique du Sud)



explore Inanda heritage route

INANDA WHERE THERE IS MORE HISTORY PER SQUARE CENTIMETRE THAN ANYWHERE IN SOUTH AFRICA! FOLLOW THE INANDA TRAIL AND EXPLORE RICH AND FASCINATING CORNERS OF OUR HERITAGE.

Phoenix Settlement
On the Trail, your first call is the Phoenix Settlement, where one of the major leaders of the twentieth century, Mahatma Gandhi, originally worked out his philosophy of passive resistance against injustice. His followers, both in South Africa and later in the Indian struggle for independence, successfully used his strategy to win freedom from oppression. Gandhi's original home was destroyed in the anti-apartheid turbulence of the 1960s, but now has been re-built and re-dedicated as a monument to peace and justice.

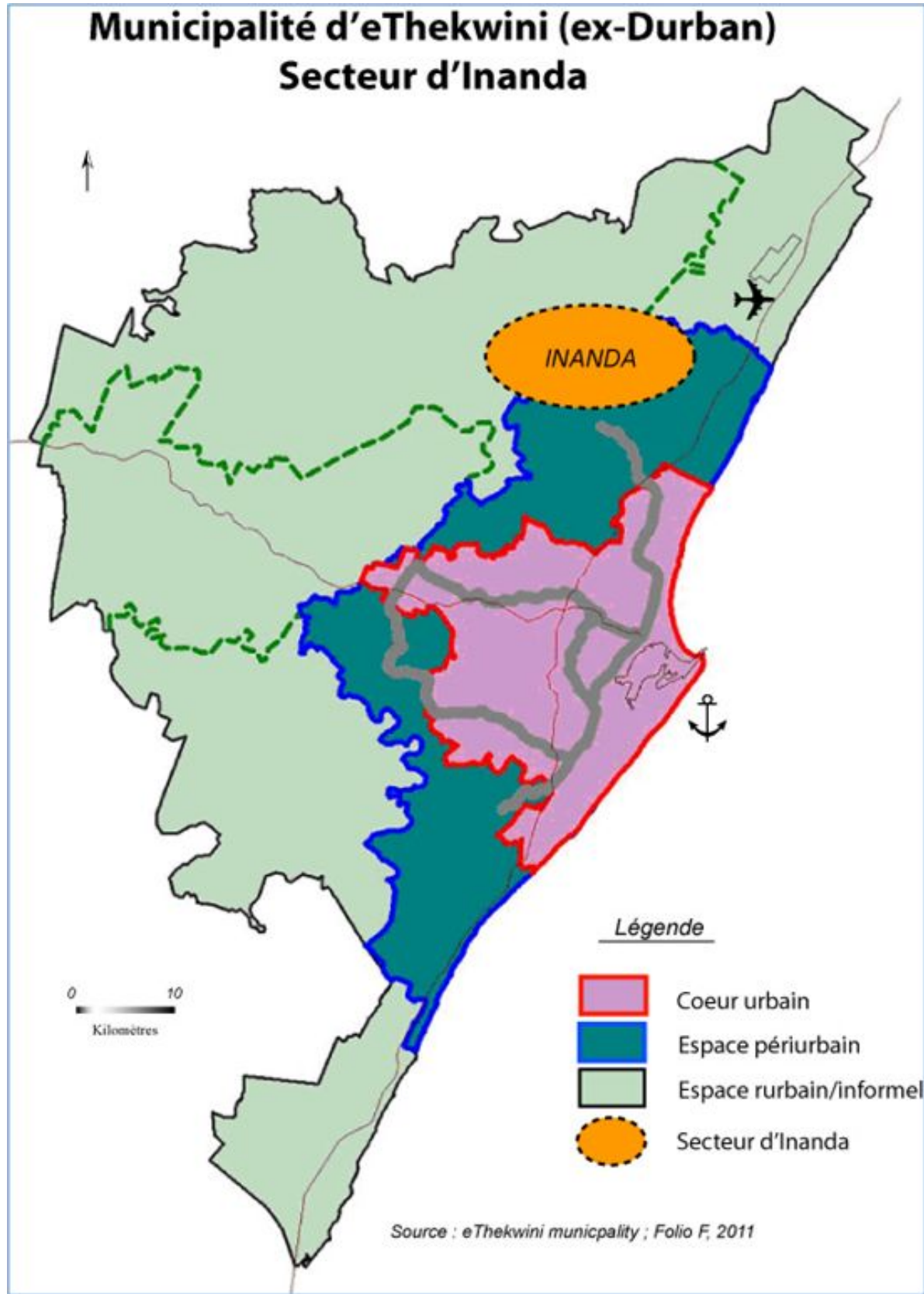
Ohlange Institute
...stands as a symbol of self-help and achievement, it was founded by an extraordinary man, John Langalibalele Dube, in 1901. He had been born not far away from the Inanda Mission Station in 1871, the grandson of a famous chief whose widow was converted to Christianity. By the turn of the century, Dube had completed his studies in the USA and had been ordained as a congregational pastor.

Deeply influenced by the teaching of ex-slave Booker T. Washington, Dube had a dream to build an institution in Inanda similar to Washington's Tuskegee in Alabama, training the 'head, the heart and the hand' in the service of God and one's fellow human beings.

In 1901, with the help of his cousin Chief Mqhayi of the Qadi, Dube realized his dream. It was the first African-run and African-founded educational institute in Southern Africa, and after numerous hardships and many changes in the curriculum, it has functioned continuously ever since.

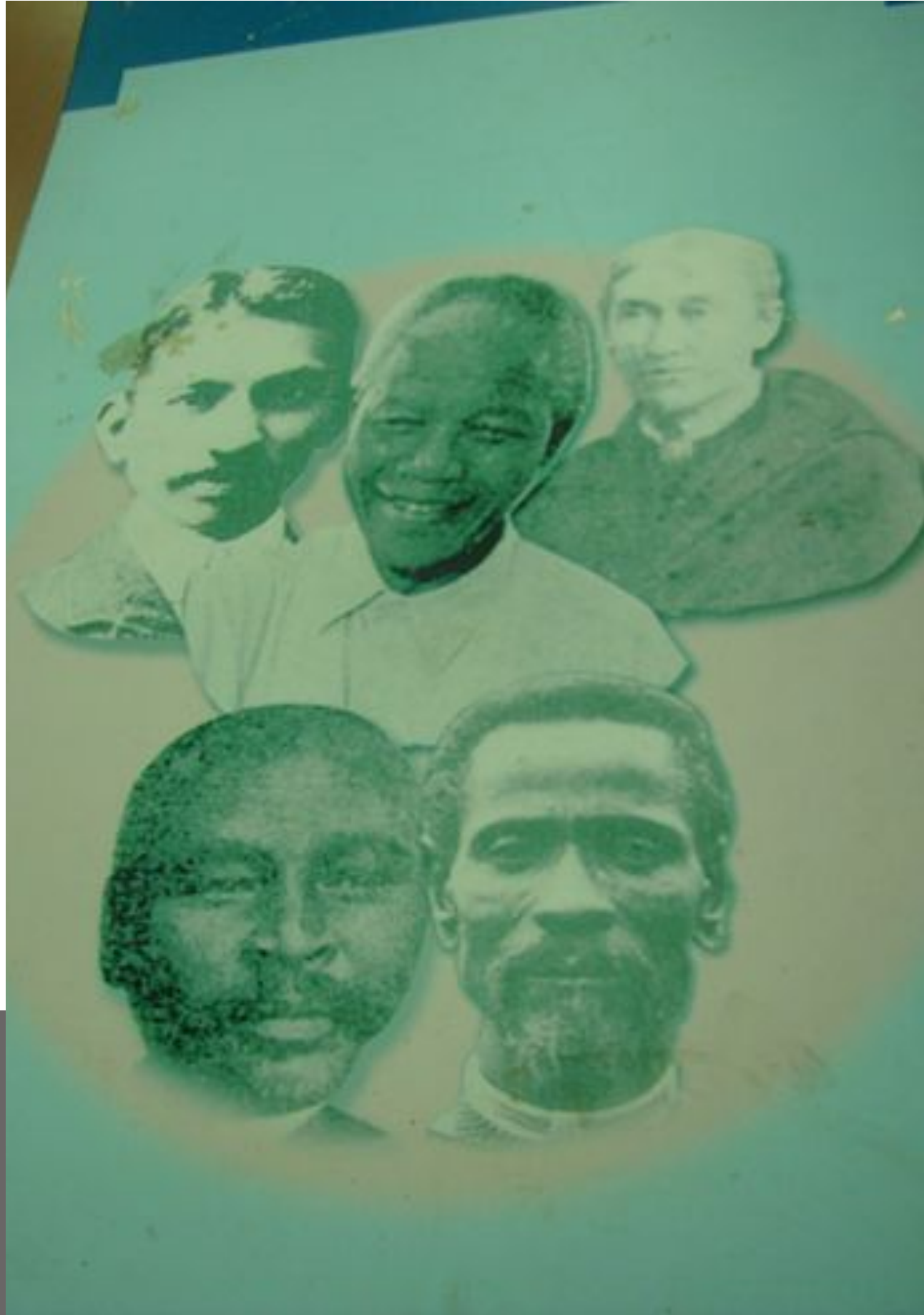
Not content with his educational achievements, Dube went on to found a newspaper 'Ianga lase Natal' at Ohlange in 1903. It continues to be published to this very day, despite many changes of ownership. Dube was the first black African to be awarded an honorary PhD by the University of South Africa.

THE FREEDOM ROUTE **05**



**Tour d'Inanda,
Durban (Afrique du Sud)**







**Voortrekker museum,
Pretoria, Afrique du Sud**





**NATIONAL MUSEUM
(Dar es-salaam)**



**OLD SLAVE MARKET
(zanzibar)**

Regard sur La Réunion et Maurice

